

Balance Billing Protection Act

Use of Washington State's APCD to support implementation

August 2020



BBPA applies to:

- All fully insured health plans sold in Washington State (as defined in RCW 48.43.005)
- Washington State employee health plans (PEBB)
- New Washington State school employee health plans (SEBB)
- Self-funded group health plans that "opt-in" to the balance billing prohibition, arbitration, and consumer protections

Provider can check whether consumer's plan is covered via HIPAA Standard 271 (Health Care Eligibility Benefit Inquiry and Response)



Self-Funded Health Plans Opt-in

A self-funded group health plan can elect to participate in two parts of the act:

- 1. The surprise billing prohibition and related consumer protections
- 2. The out-of-network provider payment and dispute resolution process

Web-based process: To opt-in, the self-funded group health plan:

- Makes this decision on an annual basis (annual or "evergreen")
- Attests to the plan's participation and willingness to be bound by the law

More than 200 plans have opted-in to date. List is on OIC website: <u>https://www.insurance.wa.gov/how-self-funded-group-health-plans-</u> <u>can-protect-their-enrollees-surprise-billing</u>



Scope of Balance Billing Protection

As of January 1, 2020, <u>surprise/balance billing is prohibited</u> for:

- Emergency services
- Non-emergency surgical or ancillary services provided by an out-of-network (OON) provider at an in-network hospital or ambulatory surgical center. Surgical or ancillary services include surgery, anesthesiology, pathology, radiology, laboratory, or hospitalist services.



When surprise billing is *not* allowed, the <u>following protections</u> <u>also apply</u>:

- Insurers must pay OON providers and facilities directly
- Consumer cost-sharing based on "median in-network contracted rate for the same or similar service in the same or similar geographic area"
- Explanation of benefits must show how much is the patient's responsibility
- Any amount that the patient pays must be applied to their deductible and out-of-pocket limit



Consumer Protections

- A provider must refund, within 30 business days, any amount that the patient overpaid an out-of-network provider
- No provider, hospital, or outpatient surgical facility can ask a patient to limit or give up these rights



How will consumers be informed of their rights under the BBPA?

- OIC Consumer Notice of Surprise Billing Rights: <u>https://www.insurance.wa.gov/sites/default/files/document</u> <u>s/final-consumer-notice-of-surprise-billing-rights.pdf</u>
 - Has been translated into multiple languages
- Notice from provider/facility when a procedure is scheduled
- Explanation of Benefits notes whether claim is subject to BBPA protection (effective July 1, 2020)



Out-of-Network Provider Payment

The OON provider will be paid a "commercially reasonable amount based on payments for the same or similar services provided in the same or a similar geographic area"

If the provider and health insurer cannot agree on this amount after a 30-day informal negotiation period, they can proceed to arbitration

- OIC provides parties with list of arbitrators / arbitration entities
- Providers can "bundle" same or similar claims that occurred within two months of each other if same insurer and same provider
- Arbitrator chooses one party's "best and final offer"; parties split the cost of arbitration; each pays its own attorney's fees



0 Days	Day 0: Out-of-network provider submits claim to carrier/payer.
30 Days	Day 30: Carrier/Payer sends claim payment to out-of-network provider.
30 Days	Day 60: Provider has 30 days to notify carrier/payer to put the claim payment into dispute and engage in good-faith negotiations to reach an agreement.
10 Days	Day 70: Carrier, provider, or facility can initiate arbitration by sending notice to OIC and non-initiating party. That notice must include their "final offer."
20/30 Days	Day 90: Arbitrator is chosen by parties; if they can't agree, one is chosen by OIC. Day 100: Non-initiating party must provide final offer.
30/20 Days	Day 120: Parties must make written submissions to the arbitrator.
30 Days	Day 150: Arbitrator must issue a written decision.



Utilizing Washington's APCD to Support the State's Surprise Billing Initiative

APCD Data Set

- Parties and arbitrators will have access to a data set from the state's all-payer claims database (WA-APCD)
- Data set serves as a source of neutral, credible information on payment for services subject to the BBPA
- Developed through a partnership between OFM (then WA-APCD lead agency), Onpoint, and OIC, with close involvement of health insurers and health care providers/facilities



APCD Data Set

- Based on 2018 commercial fee-for-service health insurance claims
- Provides median in-network, median out-of-network, and median billed charges
- Updated annually based on the Medical Consumer Price Index (CPI)
- More information: <u>https://www.insurance.wa.gov/arbitration-and-using-</u> <u>balance-billing-protection-act-data-set</u>



Data Set Key Components

- Most recent and available full calendar year of data (2018)
- Commercial fee-for-service data (excludes Medicaid, Medicare, and managed care data)
- Median in-network and out-of-network allowed amounts, and median billed charges for the following:
 - Emergency services
 - Non-emergency services provided at an in-network hospital or in-network ambulatory surgical facility if the services
 - a) Involve surgical or ancillary services and
 - b) Are provided by out-of-network providers



Calculating Data Set Values

- Included claims processed as primary
- Excluded denied and orphaned claims
- Billed charge amount (when charge >0)
- Total paid (allowed) amount (when allowed>0)
 - Sum of paid, copay, coinsurance, and deductible amounts



Calculating Data Set Values – Geographic Areas

- Median allowed amounts for procedures were calculated at two levels:
 - OIC Geographic Rating Region
 - Statewide
- Service was assigned to geography based on the ZIP code of the rendering provider for the service
- Out-of-state services or unknown provider ZIP codes were excluded



Calculating Data Set Values – Geographic Areas







Calculating Data Set Values – Modifiers

- Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) modifiers serve multiple purposes
 - Add detail (e.g., indicating left or right side in bilateral procedures)
 - Determine pricing (e.g., indicating whether the bill is for an assistant surgeon)
- Calculations removed records with modifiers affecting pricing
 - AS, FX, FY, SA, UE, 22, 23, 25, 47, 50–56, 62, 66, 73, 78, 80–82, SG
- Values were calculated for claims for three modifier groups:
 - 1. 26: Professional component of a procedure such as for radiology claims
 - 2. TC: Technical component of a procedure such as for radiology claims
 - 3. Other: Records with modifiers not impacting pricing or no modifier



ED professional services

- Identified using Onpoint Health Data's service flag indicating the record was an ED service. The flag evaluates services using:
 - Place of Service codes
 - Procedure codes
 - Revenue codes



ED facility services

- Paid in a variety of ways Ambulatory Payment Classifications (APCs), percent of charges, case rates / set rates, etc.
- Applied APC grouper to WA APCD study data
- Calculated median allowed amount by APC stratified by geography (statewide and OIC rating region)
- Created a ratio of the median value by APC grouper to Medicare by APC (statewide) and overall (regions)



Identifying claims for non-emergency services

- Restricted to claims where:
 - Type of Setting is inpatient or outpatient *OR*
 - Place of Service is inpatient hospital, outpatient hospital, or ambulatory surgical center
- CPT groupings
 - Surgery (10004–69990)
 - Hospitalists (99217–99226 and 99231–99239, excluding 99237)
 - Laboratory & Pathology (80047–89398)
 - Radiology (70010–79999)
 - Anesthesiology (00100–01999)*



Specifications in Development

Anesthesiology services

- Methodology provides a conversion factor by geographic area
- Requires base units, quantity, and physical status units
- Quantity for these services was not sufficient in APCD
 - The WA-APCD Data Submission Guide was updated (effective 1/1/2020) to provide more detailed instructions for the values reported using the Quantity field



Resources

- 2SHB 1065: <u>http://lawfilesext.leg.wa.gov/biennium/2019-</u> 20/Pdf/Bills/Session%20Laws/House/1065-S2.SL.pdf
- Chap. 48.49 RCW: <u>https://app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=48.49</u>
- BBPA Rules: <u>https://apps.leg.wa.gov/WAC/default.aspx?cite=284-43B</u>
- OIC BBPA website: <u>https://www.insurance.wa.gov/surprise-billing-and-balance-billing-protection-act</u>
- Table summarizing BBPA: <u>https://www.insurance.wa.gov/sites/default/files/documents/</u> <u>Chart%20of%20%202019%20surprise%20billing%20law.pdf</u>



Questions?

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Connect with the OIC!

- OIC BBPA website: <u>Surprise medical billing</u>
- Twitter: <u>https://twitter.com/WA_OIC</u>
- <u>www.insurance.wa.gov</u>

Onpoint Health Data

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