

Using the Minnesota All Payer Claims Database (MN APCD) to Achieve Public Health Goals for Hypertension

Pamela Mink | Director of Health Services Research NAHDO 35th Annual Conference August 17, 2020

Acknowledgments

- Cardiovascular Disease Unit, MDH
 - Project Lead/Analyst
 - James Peacock
 - Emily Styles
- Health Economics Program, MDH
 - Technical Assistance and Support
 - Elizabeth Egan
 - Mike Burian





Overview

- 3 hypertension projects using the MN APCD
 - Project 1: State and local overview of the hypertension prevalence in Minnesota (report)
 - Project 2: Blood pressure medication adherence (dashboard, report)
 - Project 3: Pharmacist-provided Medication Therapy Management (MTM) for patients with hypertension (tailored summary of benefits and revenue)
- Key takeaways and outreach







Project 1: Geographic Variation in Hypertension in Minnesota, 2014





Hypertension Report

Key Findings

OVERALL

30.5% *******

In 2014 in Minnesota, three out of every ten insured Minnesota adults had a diagnosis of hypertension.





Hypertension is more commor in older age groups and more common in men than women.

Medicaid 22.0% Commercial Insurance 18.6%

Hypertension is slightly more common in the low-income Medicaid population than the commercial insurance population.

Hypertension is more common in rural areas than metropolitan areas.



BY GEOGRAPHY

- The lowest levels of hypertension are in counties along the Twin Cities-Rochester-St. Cloud corridor.
- Hypertension prevalence is highest in northwest Minnesota across all age and insurance groups.
- All but one of Minnesota's 87 counties is home to more than 1,000 adults with hypertension.
- There are 18 counties with an estimated 10,000 adults or more with hypertension, including 11 counties located in Greater Minnesota, outside the 7-county Twin Cities metro.
- For younger adults aged 18 to 44 years, hypertension is most common in a large group of neighboring counties covering much of northern, east central, and west central Minnesota.
- For older adults aged 65 and older, hypertension is most common in parts of northwest and southwest Minnesota.
- In the 7-county Twin Cities metro area, prevalence of hypertension varies widely across short distances.
- Higher hypertension prevalence in the 7-county Twin Cities metro area is largely centered in Minneapolis and adjacent communities to the north, and in St. Paul and adjacent communities to the east.

- State and local overview of hypertension prevalence in Minnesota
 - First MN report to show hypertension estimates by local communities
- State and local public health and health system partners can use to address geographic disparities with tailored interventions
- Served as a frame for Project 2 (medication adherence)



County and ZIP Code Level Data

County	Norm of Aut with I	Alta A	All Adults, ge-Adjusted Prevalence	Age 18-44 Prevalence	Age 45-64 Precelence		Madicare Prevalence	Duelly Eligible Medicare & Medicaid Prevalence	Medicaio Prevalenc		100			
MINNESOTA	968	626	25.4%	7.9%	34.3%	65.6%	63.7%	59.7%	22.0	% 18.6	5%			
Aitkin	4,	603	29.0%	10.9%	40.3%	67.1%	65.9%	62.3%	27,1	% 27.	1%			
Anoka	61	,173	27.1%	8.5%	36.4%	68.3%	66.8%	58.3%	22.2	% 20.3	3%			
Becker	7,	223	27.4%	9,1%	38.9%	65.1%	63.4%	63.7%	23.6	% 22.5	5%			
Beltrami	8,	457	28.8%	10.3%	39.2%	67.9%	64.3%	62.9%	22.4	% 22.	1%			
Benton		569	25.8%	8.1%	34.8%	66.1%	63.3%	55.2%	21.0					
Big Stone		452	30.2%	11.1%	41.4%	69.7%	68.0%	68.0%	30.0					
Blue Earth		345	25.4%	7.5%	35.0%	65.9%	63.8%	53.7%	18.3	% 18.3	3%			
Brown	- 1			Primary	Number of	All Adults,	Age 18	44 Aus	45-64	Age 65*	Medicare	Duelly-Eligible Medicare	Medicaid	Commercia
Carlton	12	Zip Cox	*	City or Town	Adults with Hypertensio	Age-Adjuste Prevalence	Prevale		dense	Prevalence	Prevalence	& Medicaid Prevalence	Prevalence	Prevalence
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Chippewa		1.00	- Indiana	ESOTA	968,626	10000	A1	The same of the sa	4.3%	65.6%	63.7%	59.7%	22.0%	18.61
Chisago	10	5500		6		18.57		6% 2	5.4%	54,8%	54.3%	-	20.0%	17.57
Clay	- 1	5500	3 Baypo	rt	458	23.01	5.	9% 2	9.4%	73.1%	72.2%		18.7%	15.81
Clearwater		5500	5 East B	lethel	687	27.31	9.	2% 1	6.3%	67.9%	64.9%	52.5%	20.3%	20.91
Cook		5500	6 Braha	m	789	30.55	11.	6% 4	3.6%	69.7%	67.3%	57.8%	23.0%	25.61
Cottonwood	- 1	5500	7 Brook	Park	524	29.01	11.	4% 3	19.5%	67.9%	65.6%	5% 62.7% 24		26.55
Crow Wing	15	5500			3,30				0.9%	70.2%	68.9%	62.0%	26.3%	23.75
Dekota	66						-							
Dodge	1	5500	-	on Falls	1,633	- 5777			6.0%	64,8%	63,5%	56.0%	23.3%	21.57
Douglas		5501	1 East B	lethel	1,715	26.03	8.	2% 3	4.0%	66.3%	64.1%	52.4%	19.8%	21,41
Faribault	3	5501	2 Cente	r City	369	23.41	6	8% 3	0.0%	62.3%	62.4%	-	17.3%	19.87
Filmore		5501	3 Chisa	go City	1,36	25.23	8.	3% 1	2.6%	67.5%	67.4%	55.2%	23.5%	19,71
Freeborn	- 5	5501	4 Lino L	akes	4,419	26.01	7.	8% 3	3.8%	67.8%	66.2%	58.2%	23.3%	20.01
Goodhue	- 1	5501	6 Cotta	ge Grove	5,623	26.21	R	4% 3	4.3%	67.6%	65.8%	53.9%	22.9%	18.81
Hennepin	193	5501		7/	147				6.2%	73.7%	66.3%		25.7%	20.91
Houston	3													
		5501			188				31.5%	65,7%	61.0%	-	49.00	22.17
		5501			323			3%	31.1%	62.6%	62.5%		17.5%	17.83
		5502	0 Elko N	lew Market	433	22.31	5	8% 2	8.8%	60.2%	57.5%	71.9%	23.6%	14.53
		5502	d Faribe	ult	5,129	25.81	8.	3% 3	4.0%	66.9%	65.4%	52.9%	19.8%	19.77
		5502	4 Farmi	ngton	4,092	25.71	. 8	2% 1	32.7%	66.7%	63.8%	59.1%	20.9%	17,03
		5502	5 Fores	Lake	4,462	25.71	. 8	.1% 3	4.5%	65.9%	63.8%	61.6%	21.8%	20.65
		5502			93				5.0%	60.2%	58.9%			18.33
		5502			423				31.3%	66.1%	65.5%	67.7%	22.7%	15.43
		5502			14									13/4)
						0.000		-				70.50	7.4	24.71
		5503	O Grass	ton	308	30.25	10.	0% 3	9.0%	80.2%	77.2%	72.5%	24.1%	24.37

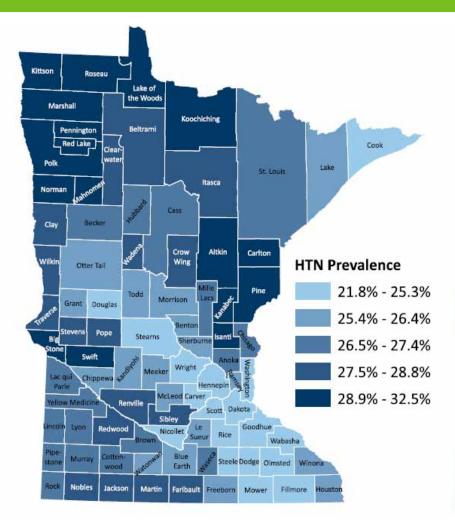
Data:

- Number with HTN
- Age-adjusted HTN prevalence
- HTN prevalence by:
 - Age group
 - Payer

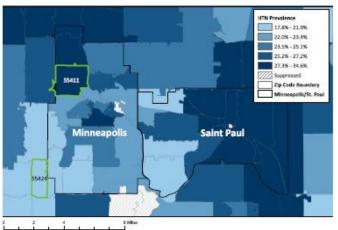
MDH analysis of MN APCD data



Geographic Variation (1)

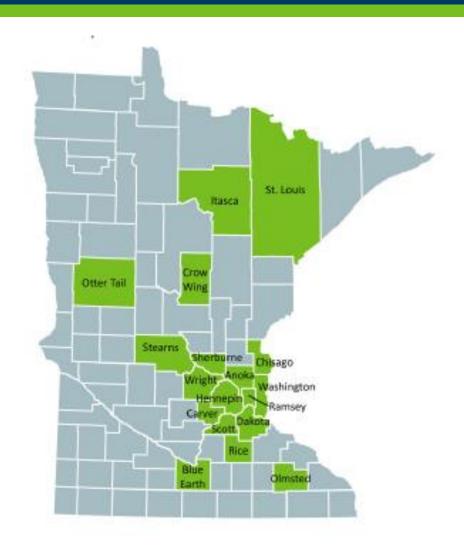


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 Minnesota across all age and insurance groups.



In the 7-county Twin
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 prevalence varies widely
 across short distances

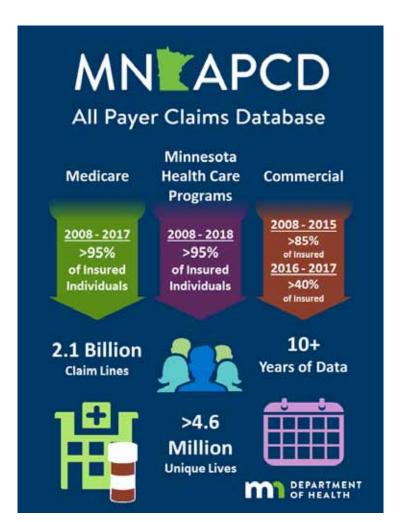
Geographic Variation (2)



- 18 MN counties had 10,000 adults with hypertension
- 11 of these are in Greater MN (outside 7county Mpls-St. Paul metro area)



MN APCD and Comparison with BRFSS



	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS)	Minnesota All Payer Claims Database (MN APCD)					
Source of HTN information	Self-report (awareness)	Dx and Rx codes (treated prevalence)					
Source of study sample (population)	Sample of a small proportion of Minnesotans	Before 2016, over 90% of insured Minnesotans					
Geographic granularity	State-level estimates	Can show data at county level and for most ZIP codes					







Project 2: Blood Pressure Medication Adherence





Blood Pressure Medication Adherence

Indicator	Date of Most Recent Measure	Current Measure
<u>Optimal Vascular Care</u>	2017	61.4%
Controlling High Blood Pressure	2017	78.2%
High Blood Pressure Prevalence	2017	24.3%
High Cholesterol Prevalence	2017	25.1%
Blood Pressure Medication Adherence	2015	ACE/ARB: 78.3% Diuretics: 72.7%

Use pharmacy claims data from MN APCD to calculate **Proportion of Days Covered (PDC)** as a measure of blood pressure medication adherence

Adherence based on 80% threshold

MDH Cardiovascular Health Indicator Dashboard

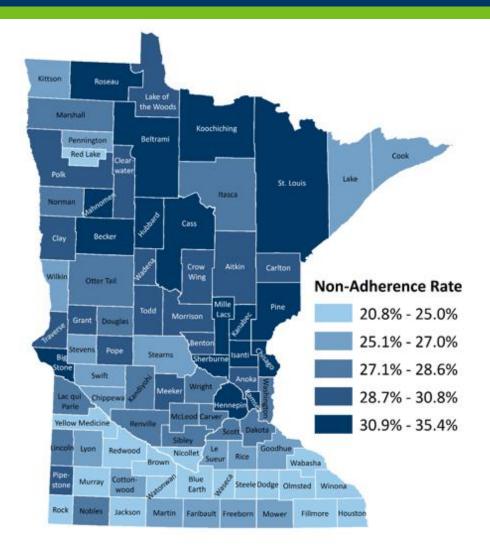
Adherence

Forthcoming state report

 Non-adherence by age, sex, payer, geography



Forthcoming State Report



Age Group	Number Taking BP Meds	Percent Non-Adherent
All ages	849,258	29.2%
18-44 years	91,421	49.4%
45-64 years	356,381	27.6%
65-85 years	401,456	26.0%



Non-Adherence by Type of Insurance Adults aged 18 to 85, 2015

Insurance Type	Percent Non-Adherent
Medicare	26%
Dual Eligible	37%
Medicaid	51%
Commercial	25%

MDH analysis of MN APCD data Included Minnesotans with any months enrollment and 2 or more claims for blood pressure medication



Some Caveats

- Proper adherence to blood pressure medication has positive impact on patient health
- Medication adherence can be measured from claims data
 - BUT...
 - It is only one measure
 - There are other important medication issues
 - Reasons for non-adherence include side effects
 - May indicate safety issues for patient



Recommendations

- The reports for Projects 1 and 2 include recommendations for:
 - Individuals
 - Health care providers
 - Pharmacists
 - Provide Medication Therapy Management services to patients experiencing adherence challenges, side effects, or those struggling to reach their blood pressure goal
 - Payers
 - Communities





Project 3: Pharmacist-Provided Medication Therapy Management



Medication Therapy Management

- MTM visits with a pharmacist may improve hypertension medication adherence and reduce the number of emergency department visits, inpatient stays, and length of hospital stay
- Pharmacist-provided MTM is a covered benefit for Minnesotans with Medicare, Medicaid, and certain commercial health plans
 - Not all community pharmacies have been providing this service
- Outreach to pharmacy managers in Minnesota
 - Eligibility criteria for Minnesota Medicaid recipients have relaxed some and pharmacists may not know how large this group is



MTM and Public Health Goals for Minnesota

Create information and revenue tool

Outreach to share information and tool with pharmacy managers

Increase provision of MTM

Improve patient medication adherence

Improve the health of Minnesotans with hypertension



Approach

- Aggregate counts of eligible patients at ZIP code level and assign to PCSA and counties
 - Patient population (informed by Projects 1 and 2)
 - Minnesota Health Care Programs
 - Johns Hopkins ACG® System to identify hypertension cases in MN APCD
 - Minnesota Medicaid eligibility requires at least one other chronic condition
 - Non-adherent to blood pressure medication(s)
 - No previous MTM
 - Estimate revenues per MTM visit from claims for MHCP
 - Conservative estimate of patients who could benefit from MTM



Worksheet Shared with Pharmacy Manager of Pharmacy X

PCSA Code	PCSA City	Store Locations	MN Health Care Program Patients w/ HTN and no MTM	Percent of Patients targeted	1 visit	R	tial Visit evenue 99605)	Averag Adde Time (9960)	d e	Total 1 Visit Revenue	More than 1 visit	Initial Visit Revenue (99605)	R	Visit evenue 99606)	Add	verage led Time 99607)	Total Revenue	Total Hours of Billable Service	% Annual FTE
MN00_ADA	Ada	Ada	<30	100															
MN00_AITKIN	Aitkin	McGregor Alexandria.	585	100	269	\$	13,988	\$ 5,9	901	\$ 19,889	316	\$16,432	\$	28,762	\$	19,188	\$104,159	619	30%
MN00 ALEXANDRIA	Alexandria	Osakis	866	100	398	s	20.696	\$ 8.7	731	\$ 29,427	468	\$24,336	s	42,596	\$	28,417	\$154,202	917	44%
MN00 ANNANDALE	Annandale	Annandale	227	100	104	5	5,408	\$ 2,2		\$ 7,689	123	\$ 6,396	\$	11,195	5	7,469	\$ 40,438	241	
MN00_AURORA	Aurora	Hoyt Lakes	133	100	61	\$	3,172	\$ 1,3	338	\$ 4,510	72	\$ 3,744	\$	6,553	\$	4,372	\$ 23,689	141	
MN00_BAGLEY	Bagley	Bagley, Clearbrook	166	100	76	\$	3,952	\$ 1,6	567	\$ 5,619	90	\$ 4,680	\$	8,192	\$	5,465	\$ 29,575	176	8%
MN00_BEMIDJI	Bemidji	Bemidji	719	100	331	\$	17,212	\$ 7,2	261	\$ 24,473	388	\$20,176	\$	35,315	\$	23,559	\$127,996	760	
MN00_BENSON	Benson	Morris	243	100	112	\$	5,824	\$ 2,4	157	\$ 8,281	131	\$ 6,812	\$	11,923	\$	7,954	\$ 43,251	257	12%
MN00_CROOKSTON	Crookston	Crookston, Fertile, Red Lake Falls	223	100	103	\$	5,356	\$ 2,2	259	\$ 7,615	120	\$ 6,240	\$	10,922	\$	7,286	\$ 39,679	235	11%
MN00_DETROIT LAKES	Detroit Lakes	Detroit Lakes	630	100	290	\$	15,080	\$ 6,3	361	\$ 21,441	340	\$17,680	\$	30,946	\$	20,645	\$112,154	666	32%
ND02_FARGO	Fargo ND	Mahnomen	307	100	141	\$	7,332	\$ 3,0	093	\$ 10,425	166	\$ 8,632	\$	15,109	\$	10,080	\$ 54,670	325	16%
MN00_FERGUS FALLS	Fergus Falls	Fergus Falls, Fergus Falls	482	100	222	\$	11,544	\$ 4,8	370	\$ 16,414	260	\$13,520	\$	23,665	\$	15,787	\$ 85,799	510	
MN00_FOREST LAKE	Forest Lake	Forest Lake	638	100	293	\$	15,236	\$ 6,4	127	\$ 21,663	345	\$17,940	\$	31,401	\$	20,948	\$113,616	676	32%
MN00_GRAND RAPIDS	Grand Rapids	Grand Rapids	666	100	306	\$	15,912	\$ 6,7	712	\$ 22,624	360	\$18,720	\$	32,766	\$	21,859	\$118,595	705	34%
MN00_GRANITE FALLS	Granite Falls	Granite Falls	97	100	45	\$	2,340	\$ 9	987	\$ 3,327	52	\$ 2,704	\$	4,733	\$	3,157	\$ 17,249	102	
MN00_HIBBING	Hibbing	Hibbing Hincklev.	782	100	360	\$	18,720	\$ 7,8	397	\$ 26,617	422	\$21,944	\$	38,410	\$	25,624	\$139,211	827	40%

MDH analysis of MN APCD data





Summary

- Projects 1 and 2 describe hypertension prevalence and medication adherence in Minnesota
 - Report that summarizes findings and action items
 - Supplement provides data at county and ZIP code levels
- Project 3 applies and translates the data to share with pharmacists and promote MTM







Thank You

Pam.Mink@state.mn.us

Health Economics Program: www.health.state.mn.us/healtheconomics

MN All Payer Claims Data: https://www.health.state.mn.us/data/apcd/index.html



